

- In August 1952, the Dath von Costetsky HFT-Work fuer Bavalemente der Nachrichter technik (Dralowse-Werk), at Teltow employed a total of 366 persons including 110 assigned to the development deparament. The workshops of the enterprise had a total floor space of 11,000 square meters; open-air storage facilities covered an area of 10,500 square meters.
- 2. The 1954 production plan of the enterprise envisaged the manufacture of 23,700,000 compound parts for telecommunications equipment values at 7,000,000 (units of account). The 1954 production plan generally agreed with that of the preceding year, both plans had been approved by the Ministry of Engineering (MeM)& in the form suggested by the plant. In January 1954, the plant received major export orders which necessibated an expansion of its production plan. The modificantions of the plan were to be discussed at the MeM in January 1954. The 1953 production plan had been faiffilled 100 percent in the first half of the year.
- J. In June and July 1952, photographs were taken of all machinery, technical facilities, blueprints and plans, and then forwarded to Poland through the East German Ministry of Engineering. In Acril and May 1953, the same records were prepared a second time, altegedly, for use by Red China. Prior to late February 1954, plans of the entire plant had to be transmitted in triplicate to the MaM. A liaison officer of the Ministry appeared at the works every 4 weeks.
- 4. In Movember 1953, five employees of the Bralowid Werk were selected for employees in China and given a medical chack-up as to their physical fitness for work in China. These employees were Dr Falter, chief of the Research and Davelopment Department; Bennewitz, chief designer of this department; Voigt, Hauptdispatcher Chismess clerk of undetermined assignment); Urban, accountant; and Frau Otto.
- In November 1953, source learned that grinding machines required for the manufacture of resistors were exported by the firm of Schold-to the USSR from where they were re-exported to China. Automatic grinding machines as developed by the firm of Elmok, so-catled Mega-sets (?), were also shipped to the USSR. These raphines were tampfactured at the firm of Kiesewetter in Leipzig and at an undetermined plant in Siriau. They were assembled at the Drelowic Work.

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- 6. The only customer of the Dralowidwerk which was very strict as to the quality of the component units furnished by the Dralowidwerk was the Sachsenwerk Plant at Radeberg. The Sachsenwerk Flant laid down the technical specifications for the metalized resistors to be furnished by the Dralowidwerk.
- 7. The iron powder required for the manufacture of high frequency iron was furnished by the Leunz Works at Bitterfeld, the brass sheets required for resistors by the Rolling Mill at Bettstedt, and porcalain parts by the firm of Hemma in Pankow.
- 8. In early 1953, about half of the metalized resistors could not be fold and had, therefore, to be stored. No foreign orders were received except for expert orders for Red China. Since the East German radio engineering plants had to curtail their production because of a shortage of materials, densetic orders for the Dralowid Werk also decreased. On the other hand, orders for Pantham 2 and wire resistors were sent above all to the following enterprises: AT Apparate-Werk Treptow; Werk HF, Berlin-Oberschoeneweide; Firma Mauert, Halle; Sachsenwerk, Radeberg; Fernmeldewerk Leipzig; Fernmeldewerk Dresden; Funtuerk Dabendorf; Sternradio Berlin; Sternradio Rochlitz; Sternradio Stassfurt.

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Comments:

- 1. Not further identified by source.
- 2. As received.
- 5. Two miniature resistors have been assigned Sownat item NRS. 2231 and 2232.
- 4. Ministerium fuer Aligereison Kaschinenkau.

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